

愛知県公立入試問題過去問⑥【3年】

〔H7～R4〕

展開

()組()番 氏名()

$$[7A] (x-y)(3x+y) - 2(x+y)(x-2y)$$

$$[8B] (2a-3b)^2 - (a-3b)(4a-3b)$$

$$[9B] (2x+3y)(x-3y) - (2x-y)(x-y)$$

$$[10B] 6a^2 - \frac{2}{3}(3a-b)(3a+b)$$

$$[1\ 1B] \ (a+b)(3a-2b) - (3a-b)(a+2b)$$

$$[1\ 2A] \ (a-b)(5a-4b) - (5a+b)(a-2b)$$

$$[1\ 4A] \ 9a^2 - (3a-2b)(3a+2b)$$

$$[1\ 4B] \ (a+b-2)(a-b+2)$$

$$[16A] \quad (3a+2b)^2 - (a+4b)(a+8b)$$

$$[22B] \quad (x+y)(x-3y) - (x-y)^2$$

$$[27B] \quad (x-3)(x+3) - (x-3)^2 - 6x$$

$$[28A] \quad (2x+3)^2 - 4(x+1)(x-1)$$

【28B】 $(3x+1)^2 - 2(3x+25)$

〔30B〕 $(2x-3)(x+2) - (x-2)(x+3)$

〔R2B〕 $(2x+1)(3x-1) - (2x-1)(3x+1)$

〔R3A〕 (4) $(2x+1)^2 - (2x-1)(2x+3)$ を計算しなさい。

愛知県公立入試問題過去問⑥ (3年)

[H7 ~ R4]

展開

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$$\begin{aligned}
 [7A] & (x-y)(3x+y) - 2(x+y)(x-2y) \\
 & = 3x^2 + xy - 3xy - y^2 - 2 \left(\underbrace{x^2 - 2xy + xy}_{\cancel{-xy}} - 2y^2 \right) \\
 & = 3x^2 - 2xy - y^2 - 2x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2 \\
 & = \cancel{x^2 + 3y^2} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [8B] & (2a-3b)^2 - (a-3b)(4a-3b) \rightarrow -15ab \\
 & = 4a^2 - 12ab + 9b^2 - \left(\underbrace{4a^2 - 3ab - 12ab + 9b^2}_{\cancel{+15ab}} \right) \\
 & = 4a^2 - 12ab + 9b^2 - 4a^2 + 15ab - ab^2 \\
 & = \cancel{3ab} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [9B] & (2x+3y)(x-3y) - (2x-y)(x-y) \rightarrow -3xy \\
 & = 2x^2 - 6xy + 3xy - 9y^2 - \left(\underbrace{2x^2 - 2xy - xy + y^2}_{\cancel{-3xy}} \right) \\
 & = 2x^2 - 3xy - 9y^2 - 2x^2 + 3xy - y^2 \\
 & = \cancel{-10y^2} //
 \end{aligned}$$

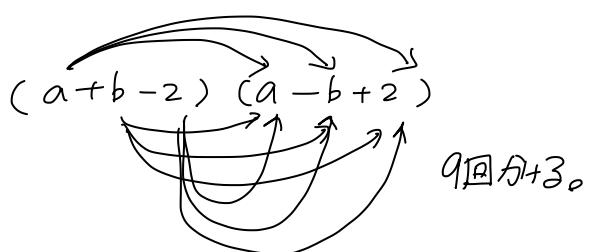
$$\begin{aligned}
 [10B] & 6a^2 - \frac{2}{3}(3a-b)(3a+b) \\
 & = 6a^2 - \frac{2}{3} \left(9a^2 - b^2 \right) \\
 & = 6a^2 - 6a^2 + \frac{2}{3}b^2 = \cancel{\frac{2}{3}b^2} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [11B] & (a+b)(3a-2b) - (3a-b)(a+2b) \rightarrow 5ab \\
 = & 3a^2 - 2ab + 3ab - 2b^2 - (3a^2 + \underbrace{6ab - ab}_{-} - 2b^2) \\
 = & 3a^2 + ab - 2b^2 - 3a^2 - 5ab + 2b^2 \\
 = & \cancel{-4ab} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [12A] & (a-b)(5a-4b) - (5a+b)(a-2b) \rightarrow -9ab \\
 = & 5a^2 - 4ab - 5ab + 4b^2 - (5a^2 - \underbrace{10ab + ab}_{-} - 2b^2) \\
 = & 5a^2 - 9ab + 4b^2 - 5a^2 + 9ab + 2b^2 \\
 = & \cancel{6b^2} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [14A] & 9a^2 - (3a-2b)(3a+2b) \\
 = & 9a^2 - (9a^2 - 4b^2) \\
 = & 9a^2 - 9a^2 + 4b^2 = \cancel{+b^2} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [14B] & (a+b-2)(a-b+2) \\
 = & a^2 - ab + 2a + ab - b^2 + 2b - 2a + 2b - 4 \\
 = & \cancel{a^2 - b^2 + 4b - 4} //
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 [16A] \quad & (3a+2b)^2 - (a+4b)(a+8b) \rightarrow 12ab \\
 = & 9a^2 + 2 \times 3ax2b + 4b^2 - (a^2 + \underbrace{8ab + 4ab}_{\cancel{+ 32b^2}}) \\
 = & 9a^2 + 12ab + 4b^2 - a^2 - 12ab - 32b^2 \\
 = & \cancel{8a^2 - 28b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & [22B] \quad (x+y)(x-3y) - (x-y)^2 \\
 &= x^2 - 3xy + xy - 3y^2 - (x^2 - 2xy + y^2) \\
 &= x^2 - 2xy - 3y^2 - x^2 + 2xy - y^2 \\
 &= \underline{\underline{-4y^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & [27B] \quad (x-3)(x+3) - (x-3)^2 - 6x \\
 &= x^2 - 9 - (x^2 - 6x + 9) - 6x \\
 &= x^2 - 9 - x^2 + 6x - 9 - 6x \\
 &= \underline{\underline{-18}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [28A] \quad & (2x+3)^2 - 4(x+1)(x-1) \\
 & = 4x^2 + 2 \times 2x \times 3 + 9 - 4(x^2 - 1) \\
 & = 4x^2 + 12x + 9 - 4x^2 + 4 \\
 & = \cancel{12x + 13} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$[28B] (3x+1)^2 - 2(3x+25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 9x^2 + 2 \times 3x \times 1 + (-6x - 50) \\ &= 9x^2 + 6x + (-6x - 50) \\ &= 9x^2 - 49 \end{aligned}$$

$$[30B] (2x-3)(x+2) - (x-2)(x+3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2x^2 + 4x - 3x - 6 - (x^2 + x - 6) \\ &= 2x^2 + x - 6 - x^2 - x + 6 \\ &= \cancel{x^2} \\ &\quad \cancel{+} \end{aligned}$$

$$[R2B] (2x+1)(3x-1) - (2x-1)(3x+1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 6x^2 - 2x + 3x - 1 - (\underbrace{6x^2 + 2x - 3x - 1}_{}) \\ &= 6x^2 + x - 1 - 6x^2 + x + 1 \\ &= \cancel{2x} \\ &\quad \cancel{+} \end{aligned}$$

$$[R3A] (4) (2x+1)^2 - (2x-1)(2x+3) を計算しなさい。$$

$$2x+1 = M とおこう。$$

$$\begin{aligned} &M^2 - (M-2)(M+2) \\ &= M^2 - (M^2 - 4) \\ &= \cancel{4} \end{aligned}$$



Point

$2x-1, 2x+1, 2x+3$
のように、「等間隔」のとき、
真ん中を文字で置いて進める
方法も身につけておこう！

愛知県公立入試問題過去問⑦【3年】

因数分解

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【10A】 $x^2 + xy - 12y^2$

【12B】 $(a^2 + 2a) - (a + 2)$

【13A】 $(a - b)(a + 2b) - 4b^2$

【21B】 $x^2y - 5xy - 14y$

【22B】 $3x^2y - 12y$

【24A】 $(x - 4)^2 - 9$

【26B】 $2(x - 8)(x - 5) - (x - 8)^2$

【27A】 $x(x + 1) - 20$

$$[29A] \quad (x - 4)^2 + 2(x - 2) - 3$$

$$[30\beta] \quad (x+1)(x+4) - 2(2x+3)$$

$$[R2A] \quad 5x(x-2) - (2x+3)(2x-3)$$

愛知県公立入試問題過去問⑦ (3年)

因数分解

()組()番 氏名()

【10A】 $x^2 + xy - 12y^2$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} 1, \text{かけ} \\ -3 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (x+4y)(x-3y) \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

【12B】 $(a^2 + 2a) - (a + 2)$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} x^2 + x - 12 \\ \text{の形が基本} \end{array}}$$

$$a(a+2) - (a+2)$$

$$a+2 = \text{たし} \rightarrow$$

$$aM - M$$

$$= M(a-1)$$

$$= (a+2)(a-1)$$

//

【13A】 $(a-b)(a+2b) - 4b^2$

$$= a^2 + ab - 2b^2 - 4b^2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} 1, \text{かけ} \\ -6 \\ -2 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (a+3b)(a-2b) \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

【21B】 $x^2y - 5xy - 14y$

$$= y(x^2 - 5x - 14)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} -5, \text{かけ} \\ -14 \\ -7 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

$$= y(x-7)(x+2)$$

//

【22B】 $3x^2y - 12y$

$$= y(3x^2 - 12)$$

$$= 3y(x^2 - 4)$$

$$= 3y(x+2)(x-2)$$

//

【24A】 $(x-4)^2 - 9$

$$x-4 = M \rightarrow$$

$$M^2 - 9$$

$$= (M+3)(M-3)$$

$$= ((x-4)+3)((x-4)-3)$$

$$= (x-1)(x-7)$$

//

【26B】 $2(x-8)(x-5) - (x-8)^2$

$$x-8 = M \rightarrow$$

$$2M(M+3) - M^2$$

$$= M(2(M+3) - M)$$

$$= M(2M+6-M)$$

$$= M(M+6)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (x-8)(x-2) \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

【27A】 $x(x+1) - 20$

$$= x^2 + x - 20$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \\ \text{たし} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} 1, \text{かけ} \\ -20 \\ -5 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

//

$$= (x+5)(x-4)$$

//

$$[29A] (x-4)^2 + 2(x-2) - 3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= x^2 - 8x + 16 + 2x - 4 - 3 \\
 &= x^2 - 6x + 9 \\
 &\quad \text{factors} \quad \begin{array}{c} \swarrow \\ -6, \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \searrow \\ +2 \end{array} 9 \\
 &\quad -3 \times -3 \\
 &= (x-3)(x-3) = \underline{(x-3)^2} \neq
 \end{aligned}$$

$$[30B] (x+1)(x+4) - 2(2x+3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= x^2 + 5x + 4 - 4x - 6 \\
 &= x^2 + x - 2 \\
 &\quad \text{factors} \quad \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} +2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -2 \end{array} \\
 &\quad 2 \times -1 \\
 &= \underline{(x+2)(x-1)} \neq
 \end{aligned}$$

$$[R2A] 5x(x-2) - (2x+3)(2x-3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 5x^2 - 10x - (4x^2 - 9) \\
 &= 5x^2 - 10x - 4x^2 + 9 \\
 &= x^2 - 10x + 9 \\
 &\quad \text{factors} \quad \begin{array}{c} -10 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} +2 \end{array} 9 \\
 &\quad -9 \times -1 \\
 &= \underline{(x-9)(x-1)} \neq
 \end{aligned}$$